

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 1, line 11, with the following rewritten paragraph:

More particularly, one aspect of the invention relates to a two-pack urethane foam composition which is composed of a two-pack of a polyol compound as a major component and a polyisocyanate compound as a curing agent, and which can form a urethane foam by foaming and curing upon injecting (applying) immediately after mixing the two components at ambient temperature. On the other hand, other aspects of the invention relate to an injection method for injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition, a cured urethane foam-filled vehicle body member having an opening for confirming the injecting and filling of the two-pack urethane foam composition, a cured urethane foam-filling confirming method for confirming the appropriateness of a filling volume of the two-pack urethane foam composition, and a two-pack urethane foam composition injecting apparatus and method capable of automatically injecting and filling the two-pack urethane foam composition into the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 2, line 2, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In recent years, the automobile industry has been required to ensure the rigidity of an entire vehicle body for increasing the safety of automobiles and improving a soundproof property of a riding space. In order to achieve these requirements, demands have been made to provide the intensity and the rigidity and the soundproof property to a portion where a variety of loads such as impact and so on are imposed, such as a center pillar having a closed sectional structure, a front pillar of a vehicle body having a closed sectional structure and so on. Moreover, in order to protect riders from impact, a crushable zone has to be provided on each of the front and rear sides of the vehicle body and a solid safety cell has to be configured for a cabin where the riders are seated in order to ensure a riding space for the riders.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 2, line 17, with the following rewritten paragraph:

On the other hand, problems may arise in that the weight of the vehicle body is increased and the fuel economy becomes poorer if a thick panel is used as each of the pillar, chassis or the like having a closed sectional structure in order to improve the rigidity and the soundproof property of the cabin.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 2, line 23, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Therefore, it has been suggested to develop structures and methods for increasing the rigidity of the vehicle body while keeping the thick panel of the pillar of the vehicle body and so on thin, for instance, by injecting and filling a cured urethane foam into the closed sectional structure of the pillar thereof and so on by using the above two-pack urethane foam composition. In combination of development of making the vehicle body lightweight, it has also been considered to inject and fill a urethane foam into a closed sectional structure of a roof portion or a locker portion or the like, in addition to the pillar and so on.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 6, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Various problems, however, may result in injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition into the closed sectional structure.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 9, with the following rewritten paragraph:

For instance, when the two-pack urethane foam composition is injected in a fluid state, there are occasions that the injected composition leaks outside or expands from the injection port due to a back flow. The injected composition leaks or expands even from a small gap of the closed sectional

structure so that there is the risk that the appearance of the automobile may be impaired (hereinafter referred to as the first problem).

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 17, with the following rewritten paragraph:

It has now been found by the present inventors that the two-pack urethane foam composition does not leak or expand from small gaps in an injecting portion, if any, due to becoming cured to an appropriate level of viscosity immediately after injection by limiting foaming characteristics of the two-pack urethane foam composition, particularly a cream time and a rise time, as well as adjusting the specific gravity of the filed urethane foam to become 0.6 to 0.01 by adjusting the amount of the foaming agent.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 27, with the following rewritten paragraph:

When such a two-pack urethane foam composition of a curable type having a high reactivity at ambient temperature (0°C -50°C) is used, it has been found to raise a practically significant problem that, when it is discharged or injected from a conventional two-pack mixing apparatus, there are occasions in which the two-pack urethane foam composition cures in the mixing apparatus during injecting on site, and thus clogs the mixing apparatus during the injecting process (hereinafter referred to as the second problem).

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 4, line 8, with the following rewritten paragraph:

It is designed as a matter of course to inject a predetermined amount of the two-pack urethane foam composition, corresponding to the volume of the closed sectional structure to be injected and filled with the composition, with a foaming rate and other foaming conditions of the two-pack urethane foam composition taken into account. If an unpredictable problem would occur with an injecting apparatus or the like; however, there may result an unpredictable occasion that the filling

volume of the cured urethane foam becomes less than the desired range and a hollow portion may result, thereby making it difficult to reach the designed rigidity. It is considered that the lack of the filling volume may also arise due to accidental damage of a partition plate disposed in the closed sectional structure.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 4, line 23, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In actual cases, however, the present situation resides in that there is no manner of preventing the lack of such filling volume of the urethane foam in advance, and that the appropriateness or inappropriateness of the filling volume can be judged for the first time by carrying out impact tests or by measuring the rigidity of an actual car or analyzing the vibration thereof after the production line. Therefore, the problem is that the design intensity and rigidity of the automobile cannot be ensured during the production line (hereinafter referred to as the third problem).

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 6, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Furthermore, in general, the production of automobiles is carried out by mass production by the transfer and assembly method using a belt conveyor on the basis of the division of work. In order to adapt a production line to such a mass production, however, it is required to develop an injecting apparatus and an injecting method for injecting and filling a two-pack urethane foam composition into the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body (hereinafter referred to as the fourth problem).

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 22, with the following rewritten paragraph:

More specifically, the present invention in one aspect has objects to provide a two-pack urethane foam composition and an injection method for injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition, which can prevent the injected composition from being leaked outside or expanding

from the inside due to a back flow of the injected composition, upon injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition into the structural member to be injected and filled.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 12, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Moreover, in a further aspect, the present invention has other objects to provide a cured urethane foam-filled vehicle body member, an injecting method for injecting and filling the cured urethane foam into the vehicle body member, and a cured urethane foam-filled confirming method for confirming the filling of a cured urethane foam therein, which can confirm the appropriateness of the filling volume so as to adapt to the volume of the inside of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body, upon injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition into the inside of the closed sectional portion thereof having a closed sectional structure and injecting and filling the closed sectional structure with the cured urethane foam by foaming and curing the two-pack urethane foam composition.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 7, line 7, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In order to solve the first problem as described above, the present inventors have made extensive review and studies with the attempt to solve the problems associated with the leakage of the two-pack urethane foam composition outside and expanding due to a back flow thereof upon injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition into an injection port of a structural member to be injected and filled, which is not limited to and includes a closed sectional structure of a pillar portion of the vehicle body member. As a result of such extensive review and studies, it has been found that the above objects can be achieved by providing a unique injection port for injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition, or providing a portion in the vicinity of the injection port. Therefore, this invention has been completed on the basis of this finding.

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Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 7, line 22, with the following rewritten paragraph:

More specifically, in order to prevent the once injected composition from leaking and expanding outside from the injection port of the structural member that has been injected and filled during the injecting method with the two-pack urethane foam composition, which foams and cures therein, the present invention provides the injection method for injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition, characterized in that: (i) a shut-off plate for the injection port is mounted on the inner side of the structural member to be injected and filled so as to open or close the injection port; (ii) a rubber-formed member having a cross cut portion is inserted into the injection port so as to open or close the injection port; or (iii) a check valve that allows a fluid to pass only in one direction is mounted on the injection port.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 8, line 13, with the following rewritten paragraph:

With the requirements for the reinforcement of the rigidity inside the such pillars and improvements in soundproof properties taken into account, the present inventors have made extensive review and studies on the two-pack urethane foam compositions having excellent properties in foaming and curing, by focusing on the first problem resulting from the properties of the two-pack urethane foam composition itself. This can solve the first problem and meet the requirements of the automobile industry, as well as provide a high level of efficiency in injection of a closed sectional structure and a high degree of rigidity and excellent soundproof properties. As a result, the following findings have been made.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 8, line 27, with the following rewritten paragraph:

It has first been found that, even if there would be used a foaming agent of a curable type under ambient temperature conditions, which can generally generate gases under thermal conditions, in place of a foaming agent of a type that has usually been used conventionally under ambient

temperature conditions (such as water or of a hydrogen-containing halogenated hydrocarbon type or of a low-boiling temperature hydrocarbon type, etc.), the urethane foam can be formed upon mixing the two-pack urethane foam composition at ambient temperature by allowing the foaming agent to work at a sufficiently high level by the reaction heat produced upon an instantaneous reaction between the polyol compound as the major component (a) with the polyisocyanate compound as the curing agent (b), and by defining the specific gravity of the cured urethane foam by adjusting the amount of the foaming agent.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 10, line 1, with the following rewritten paragraph:

More specifically, the present invention has been completed on the basis of the above findings and provides a two-pack urethane foam composition for urethane foam, comprising (a) a polyol compound as a major component and (b) a polyisocyanate compound as the curing agent, which can produce a urethane foam by reaction of the two components in the presence of the foaming agent. The foaming agent to be used for this purpose may include a chemical foaming agent and inorganic forming agent of a thermally decomposable type, which may be used singly or as a mixture in combination of two or more kinds thereof. The amount of the foaming agent is to be adjusted so that the resulting cured urethane foam is to have a specific gravity in the range of from 0.6 to 0.01. Further, the two-pack urethane foam composition may comprise (a) the above major component and (b) the above curing agent, wherein an amine compound having a number-average molecular weight of 110 or more and at least one of an amino ($-\text{NH}_2$ -) group and an imino ($-\text{NH}-$) group is formulated with the major component (a). The amine compound is selected so that its amino ($-\text{NH}_2$ -) group and/or the imino ($-\text{NH}-$) group is present in an amount of from 0.05% to 3% by weight with respect to the total weight of the above major component (a) and the above curing agent (b), and the amount of the foaming agent is to be adjusted so that the resulting cured urethane foam is to have a specific gravity in the range of 0.6 to 0.01.

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Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 10, line 27, with the following rewritten paragraph:

As the polyol compound to be used as the major component (a) for the present invention, there may preferably be used a polyether polyol which may be obtained by the additional reaction between an active hydrogen containing compound such as, for example, a poly-valent alcohol, a bisphenol, an aliphatic amine, an aromatic amine, an aliphatic amine having an aromatic ring, or an alicyclic amine, and an alkylene oxide (e.g., one or more selected from ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, butylene oxide and isobutylene oxide).

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 14, line 27, with the following rewritten paragraph:

It can be noted herein that, although the major component (a) and the curing agent (b) can be varied in mixing, the major component (a) may be selected in usual cases so that the equivalent ratio of the active hydrogen group (OH group) of the major component (a) to the NCO group of the curing agent (b) is 1: 0.8-10, and preferably 1:0.9-5.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 15, line 6, with the following rewritten paragraph:

As the foaming agent to be used in the case (i) above, there may be used, for example, the chemical foaming agent of a thermally decomposable type such as, e.g., dinitroso pentamethylene tetramine (DPT), azo dicarbodiarnide (ADCA), p,p'-oxy bisbenzene sulfonyl hydrazide (OBSH), p-toluene sulfonyl hydrazide (TSH), p-toluene sulfonyl acetone hydrazone, hydrazo dicarbonamide, azo bisisobutyronitrile (AIBN), and so on (these may be used together with an accessory agent of a urea type or of a metallic type); and the inorganic foaming agent of a thermally decomposable type (such as sodium hydrogen carbonate, etc., and these may be used as singly or a mixture in combination of two or more kinds). These foaming agents (hereinafter referred to as a "limited foaming agent") may be caused to decompose or expand due to the reaction heat generated by the instantaneous reaction

between the major component (a) and the curing agent (b), thereby producing gases even without using a separate heating device.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 16, line 3, with the following rewritten paragraph:

When these foaming agents are used, it is of significance that the amount to be used, regardless of their kinds, may be adjusted so that a specific gravity of a cured urethane foam resulting therefrom is in the range of from 0.6 to 0.01, preferably from 0.5 to 0.03. If the foaming agent would be used in the amount so that the specific gravity of the resulting urethane foam to exceeds 0.6, the composition cannot be injected and filled in every corner of a closed sectional structure, thereby failing to contribute to a reduction of costs and a decrease in the weight of the structural member. If the foaming agent would be used in the amount so that the specific gravity of the resulting urethane foam becomes smaller than 0.01, the cured urethane foam injected and filled in the closed sectional structure is likely to be damaged, thereby failing to achieve the purposes of reinforcement and performance of soundproof properties. It is preferred to adjust the amount of the foaming agent so that the specific gravity of the resulting urethane foam is in the range of 0.5 to 0.01 for achieving the purposes of reinforcement, on the one hand, and is in the range of 0.4 to 0.03 for performing the purposes of soundproof properties, on the other hand.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 17, line 14, with the following rewritten paragraph:

It is also of significance that the amount of the amine compound to be added may be adjusted so that the amino group ($-NH_2$) and/or the imino group ($-NH-$) is present in the amine compound in an amount of from 0.05 to 3% by weight, preferably from 0.1 to 1% by weight, with respect to the total amount of the major component (a) and the curing agent (b). If the amount of the amino and/or imino groups is less than 0.05% by weight, the two-pack urethane foam composition may not achieve the effect of preventing the cured urethane foam from leaking and expanding from a gap of a closed sectional structure due to an increased viscosity. If the amount of the amino and/or imino groups

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exceeds 3% by weight, the mixing of the two-pack urethane foam composition may become insufficient. It is also noted herein that the use of the amine compound having a number- average molecular weight of less than 110 may not achieve the effect of preventing a leakage of the cured urethane foam from a gap of the closed sectional structure.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 18, line 23, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The present inventors have extensively studied to prevent an occurrence of the problems due to the lack of the filling volume, to provide a vehicle body member having a closed sectional structure reinforced by appropriately injecting and filling a cured urethane foam, and to provide an injecting method for injecting and filling the cured urethane foam. As a result of extensive studies, it has been found that the desired object can be achieved by locating a cured urethane foam-filling confirming opening of a particular dimension in a particular position, of the vehicle body member, for confirming the appropriateness of the filling volume of the cured urethane foam so as to adapt to the volume of the inside of the closed sectional structure. The present invention has been completed on the basis of this finding.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 19, line 9, with the following rewritten paragraph:

More specifically, the present invention provides a cured urethane foam-filled vehicle body member with the cured urethane foam injected and filled therein by injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition into the closed structure of the vehicle body member having a closed sectional structure, and foaming and curing the cured urethane foam composition injected and filled therein, which is characterized in that the cured urethane foam-filling confirming opening is of an opening size of 10 mm or smaller and is disposed by at most 50 mm from the location at which the cured urethane foam eventually reaches.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 19, line 21, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Further, the present invention provides an injecting method for injecting the cured urethane foam by injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition into the closed sectional portion of the vehicle body member having the closed sectional structure, and foaming and curing the two-pack urethane foam composition injected and filled therein, which is characterized in that the appropriateness of the filling volume of the cured urethane foam, in order to adapt to the volume of the inside of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body member, is confirmed by locating a cured urethane foam-filling confirming opening having a dimension of at most 10mm at a position that is at most 50 mm from the location that the cured urethane foam eventually reaches.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 20, line 20, with the following rewritten paragraph:

As another example, there may be illustrated a structural member as shown in Figure 8, which is composed of a connecting member having a center pillar 7a (consisting of a center pillar inner and a center pillar outer) and a side roof rail 8a (consisting of a side roof rail inner and a side roof rail outer) connected together, in which the center pillar 7a is provided with a shut-off plate 9, the side roof rail 8a is provided with shut-off plates 10a and 11b, and the center pillar 7a is further provided with an injection port 12a.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 21, line 3, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The present inventors have made extensive review and studies on various processes and ways of preventing the problems to be caused due to the lack of achieving the filling volume and reinforcing the vehicle body member by appropriately injecting and filling a cured urethane foam therein. As a result, the present inventors came to focus on the fact that heat can be produced together with foaming due to the reaction upon injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition in the closed sectional portion of the vehicle body member having a closed sectional structure, and that the heat

produced can elevate the temperature of a panel located at the site of the vehicle body member where the composition was injected and filled in. More specifically, it has been found that a site where the urethane foam is filled in the vehicle body member, and a site where it is not filled in the vehicle body member can be distinguished from each other on the basis of a temperature difference between these two locations. The temperature difference is determined by measuring the temperature in a non-contact way at locations on the side surface of the vehicle body member in the vicinity of the location that the cured urethane foam reaches. Therefore, it can be confirmed whether the filling volume is appropriate as to adapt to the volume of the interior of the closed sectional structure by distinguishing the filled site from the non-filled site. The present invention in another aspect has now been completed on the basis of this finding.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 22, line 2, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In other words, the present invention provides a cured urethane foam-filling confirming method for confirming the injecting or filling of a cured urethane foam which is characterized in that, upon injecting and filling the two-pack urethane foam composition in the closed sectional portion of the vehicle body member having a closed sectional structure, and allowing the composition to foam and cure, the temperature is measured in a non-contact way from the outside at locations on the side surface of a vehicle body to determine a time difference between a filled site where the urethane foam is injected and filled in the vehicle body member and a non-filled site where it is not injected and filled in the vehicle body member, in order to confirm the appropriateness of a filling volume, as to whether the filling volume adapts to the volume of the interior of a closed sectional structure of the vehicle body member. The appropriateness or inappropriateness of the filling volume is confirmed on the basis of the temperature difference between the filled site and the non-filled site.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 22, line 21, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The vehicle body member having such a closed sectional structure according to the present invention may include, for example, a structural member, as shown in Figure 9, composed of a connecting member having a front roof 1c (consisting of a roof rail inner and a roof rail outer), a front side roof rail 2c (consisting of a front side outer panel and a side roof rail inner) and a front pillar 3d (consisting of a front side outer panel and a front pillar inner) connected to one another. The front side roof rail 2c is provided with a shut-off plate 4c in the interior thereof, the front pillar 3d is provided with a shut-off plate 5c in the interior thereof, and the front side roof rail 2c is provided with an injection port 6c.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 23, line 8, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The present inventors further have made extensive studies in order to solve the second problem referred to above and, as a result, have found that the two-pack urethane foam composition can be injected in a smooth fashion while achieving the desired purposes, by using as an injection apparatus a two-pack mix, high pressure foaming machine of a type mixing the two-pack urethane foam composition and jetting the composition under high pressure in a counter flow, and by setting a cream time to 3 seconds or less and a rise time to 10 to 120 seconds after the injection. In other words, the use of such an injection apparatus and the setting of the cream time and the rise time to such ranges can prevent the cured urethane foam from leaking outside from gaps and at the same time thoroughly avoid an occurrence of clogging during injection. The present invention, in a further aspect has been completed on the basis of this finding. It is to be noted herein that the term "cream time" referred to in this description is intended to mean a period of time from the start of the composition increasing its viscosity to the start time at which a gel strength can be recognized, and that the term "rise time" referred to therein is intended to mean a period of time from the time of injection of the composition to the time of suspending the foaming.

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Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 24, line 4, with the following rewritten paragraph:

More specifically, the present invention provides an injection process for injecting a two-pack urethane foam composition, in which, upon injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition in the closed sectional portion of the vehicle body member with a closed sectional structure, a cured urethane foam is produced therein by allowing the composition to foam and cure. The two-pack urethane foam composition is injected with the two-pack mix, high pressure foaming machine of a type mixing the composition and jetting it under high pressure under conditions where the cream time is set to as short as 5 minutes or shorter and the rise time is set to 10-120 seconds from the start of injection.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 24, line 19, with the following rewritten paragraph:

An injecting apparatus according to the present invention may comprise a manipulator movable to a desired position, a jet injector fixed to the manipulator, a supply device for supplying the foaming material to the injector, and a controller adapted to control the position of the manipulator so that the injector is aligned at the position in which the foaming material can be injected into the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body through an injection port of the same closed sectional structure thereof. The supply device can be controlled so that the foaming material can be injected and filled in the closed sectional structure thereof by only such an amount that is set so as to comply with the volume of the interior of the same sectional structure thereof. This construction of the injecting apparatus can inject and fill the foaming material into the closed sectional structure of each part of the vehicle body so as to adapt to a flow of a line on which a large number of vehicle bodies are conveyed in sequence. It is to be noted herein that the foaming material may include, for example, a two-pack urethane foam composition.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 25, line 12, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In accordance with the present invention, the injecting apparatus may be provided with a position detecting sensor for sensing an amount of deviation between the injector mounted on the manipulator and the injection port of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body in such a manner that the amount of deviation is outputted from the position detecting sensor to the controller and the position of the manipulator is adjusted by the controller so that the amount of deviation becomes zero. Therefore, even if the vehicle body would deviate from the original position, the injecting nozzle can be aligned with each injection port of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body in an accurate way.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 25, line 25, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Moreover, the present invention may further be provided with a monitor for monitoring the foamed and cured states of the foaming material in the interior of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body, so that the monitor can single out a vehicle body with a non-filled portion where no foaming material is injected and filled in the closed sectional structure thereof, and determine and treat such a vehicle body as a defective product.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 26, line 5, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Furthermore, in accordance with the present invention, in cases where the monitor inspects the non-filled portion of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body, where no foaming material is injected and filled therein, a reference image of the injection port can be corrected in accordance with the position of the non-filled portion in the interior of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body, where no foaming material is injected and filled.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 28, line 2, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Although the above aspects of the invention can achieve the corresponding effects as sought to be achieved by applying it singly, the combination of two or more of the above aspects of the invention as described above can achieve further favorable effects when taken in account from the viewpoint of the reinforcement of the rigidity of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body and performance of soundproof properties.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 28, line 10, with the following rewritten paragraph:

For instance, when the invention relating to the two-pack urethane foam composition for urethane foam is combined with another of the aspects of the invention, the further effect of preventing the leakage of the injected two-pack urethane foam composition toward outside can be achieved, in addition to those effects as sought to be achieved by each of the above aspects. In particular, it can be noted herein that the present invention is designed so as to cause the two-pack urethane foam composition to fail to leak outside and expand from the closed sectional structure, so that the application of the aspect relating to the such two-pack urethane foam composition to each of the aspects relating to the injection method and the injection process for injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition can add the effects as sought to be achieved by each of the aspects for the injection method and process to the effects as achieved by the invention for the composition itself.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 28, final line, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Moreover, upon reinforcing the closed sectional structure of the body of a vehicle such as an automobile, etc. by filling the cured urethane foam therein, the aspect relating to the two-pack urethane foam composition can be applied so as to confirm the injecting and filling of the cured urethane foam by the aspect relating to the cured urethane foam-filling confirming method by injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition in accordance with the aspect relating to the injection

process for injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition while injecting and filling the composition in the interior of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body automatically with the manipulator by using the aspect relating to the injecting apparatus for injecting and filling the urethane foam in the closed sectional structure. This configuration can inject and fill the closed sectional structure with an appropriate amount of the two-pack urethane foam composition without leaking the composition from the closed sectional structure, thereby reinforcing the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body and producing vehicles with their closed sectional structures reinforced therewith on a mass scale.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 29, line 22, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The features and effects to be achieved by the aspects of the invention as described above will become apparent to those skilled in the art in the course of the description which follows, with reference to the accompanying drawings and the appended claims.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 29, line 27, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Before turning to a detailed description of each embodiment of the aspects of the invention as described above, it is to be understood that each of the aspects is not limited to the application of a detailed disposition and construction of structuring elements as indicated in the accompanying drawings referred to in the following description. It is further to be understood that the aspects of the invention as described above can encompass other embodiments within the scope thereof and be performed and practiced by various processes and, in addition, that the terms and expressions as referred to herein are used singly for illustrative purposes and they should not be interpreted to limited meanings in any respect, unless otherwise stated herein and interpreted in that context.

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Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 30, line 24, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figure 2 is a view showing an example of a rubber- formed member with a cross cut portion, which is to open and close the injection port; wherein (A) is a plan view and (B) is a front view.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 32, line 11, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figure 13 is a block diagram showing a first embodiment of an injecting apparatus for the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body according to the present invention.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 33, line 3, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figure 21 is a block diagram showing an injecting apparatus for the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body in accordance with a second aspect of the present invention.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 33, line 9, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figure 23 is a block diagram showing an injecting apparatus for the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body in accordance with a third aspect of the present invention.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 33, line 18, with the following rewritten paragraph:

A detailed description will be made of embodiments of the invention relating to the injection method for injecting a two-pack urethane foam composition (hereinafter referred to as a "foaming material" or an "expandable material") with reference to the accompanying drawings. The injection method according to the present invention has the object of preventing the leakage of the injected composition due to a back flow upon injecting the foaming material, and is characterized in that the objects can be achieved by making modifications as shown in Figures 1 to 3, inclusive:

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(i) As shown in Figure 1, a shut-off plate 3 for an injection port 2 is mounted with, e.g., a hinge 4 on the inner side of a structural member 1 to be injected and filled. With this configuration, a discharging and injecting nozzle of a mixing head (not shown) is inserted through the injection port 2 or brought into contact therewith. As the foaming material is then injected into the inside of the structural member 1 through the injection port 2 in this state, the shut-off plate 3 is caused to be raised upwardly as indicated by the arrow in Figure 1. On finishing the injection and suspending the applying of the foaming material or injecting from the discharging nozzle of the mixing head into the injection port 2, the shut-off plate 3 is allowed to drop down and close the injection port 2, thereby preventing the injected foaming material from back flow after foaming and curing.

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(ii) As shown in Figures 2(A) (a plan view) and 2(B) (a front view), a rubber-formed member 6 is provided with a cut portion 5 (e.g., an X-shaped cross cut, etc.) which can be opened or closed and through which the foaming material can be injected and filled therein. The rubber-formed member 6 is disposed on the structural member 1 such that the cut portion 5 is fixed into the injection port 2. With this configuration, the discharging nozzle of the mixing head is inserted into or through the cut portion 5 of the rubber-formed member 6 or brought into contact therewith, and the foaming material can then be injected into the structural member 1. As the cut portion can be attached so tight to the discharging nozzle of the mixing head, and the boundary between the discharging nozzle thereof and the cut portion can be kept in an airtight state due to elasticity of the rubber material, the leakage of the foaming material injected therein from the inside of the structural member due to a back flow can be prevented thoroughly.

(iii) As a further modification, as shown in Figure 3, a check valve 7 is mounted on the injection port 2, the check valve 7 being designed so as to allow a fluid to pass in one direction only. With this configuration, a valve 8 of the check valve 7 is caused to move in the direction as indicated by the arrow in Figure 3 and open a passage for the foaming material when the foaming material is injected from the discharging nozzle in the same direction. The valve 7 can return to its original position immediately after the suspending of the injecting of the foaming material, thereby completely preventing an occurrence of a back flow of the foaming material once injected therein.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 36, line 24, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The following is a description of an embodiment relating to a mode of using the foaming material containing the above components for the invention relating to the two-pack urethane foam composition for urethane foam.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 38, line 20, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Using a two-pack mixing, high-pressure foaming machine (Gusmer; Model H-2000) and a mixing head (Gusmer; Model GX-7), the two-pack urethane foam compositions prepared in the above examples were injected in an injection frame 1a, as shown in Figure 5, each in the amount so as to allow the volume of the cured urethane foam to amount to 2,600 cc, and there was confirmed the presence or absence of leaking the cured urethane foam from gaps 5a (supposed to be used for a flange), each of 1 mm, on both sides of the front surface of the injection frame 1a, and the presence or absence of sagging from a partition plate 6a (with a clearance of 2 mm).

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 39, line 4, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In Table 1 below, symbol "0" shown in the row entitled "Leaking Performance" indicates no leaking of the cured urethane foam from the flange (i.e., gap of a 1 mm length) and no sagging thereof (in the length of 50 mm or longer) from the partition plate 6a (having a clearance of 2 mm). Symbol "x" shown in the row entitled "Leaking Performance" indicates leaking of the cured urethane foam from the flange (i.e., gap of a 1 mm length) and sagging thereof (in the length of 50 mm or longer) from the partition plate 6a (having a clearance of 2 mm).

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 43, line 19, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Therefore, it can be visually confirmed whether the filling volume of the cured urethane foam to be formed is running short or not by locating the cured urethane foam filling confirming opening H in the position by 50 mm or less, preferably 1-30 mm, on this side of the limit position P. With this configuration, when the opening H is generally seen from yellow to yellow brown in color, it means that the cured urethane foam is extending through the location. If no foam is located therein, the opening H is seen dark black as it is in an empty state.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 44, line 8, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Further, the opening size of the cured urethane foam filling confirming opening H may be set to 10 mm or smaller, preferably from 1 to 7.5 mm. If the opening size is larger than 10 mm, the cured urethane foam may leak and expand from the opening, and it is not desired from the point of view that the resulting urethane foam may not increase rigidity of the vehicle body.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 45, line 15, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The two-pack urethane foam composition (density after foaming: 350 kg /m³) was injected in the total amount of 438 grams at the rate of 5 kg per minute through the injection port 6b by use of a two-pack mixing foaming machine. In this case, the location of the cured urethane foam was confirmed with the eye through the cured urethane foam filling confirming opening H disposed in the front roof lb. Further, it was recognized that no urethane foam was leaked and expanded whatsoever from the opening H.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 45, line 26, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Urethane foam-filling confirming openings H1, H2: situated by 30 mm from the upper side edge (limit position of the side roof rail 8a); each opening size, 5 mm.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 46, line 3, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The two-pack urethane foam composition (density after foaming: 350 kg/m³) was injected in the total amount of 455 grams at the rate of 5 kg per minute through the injection port 12a by use of a two-pack mixing foaming machine. In this case, the location of the cured urethane foam was confirmed with the eye through the cured urethane foam filling confirming openings H1 and H2 disposed in the side roof rail 8a. Further, it was recognized that no urethane foam was leaked and expanded whatsoever from the cured urethane foam-filling confirming openings H1 and H2.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 46, line 13, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The present invention having the above configuration can confirm with the eye whether the cured urethane foam is injected and filled over the entire predetermined length of the closed sectional portion of the vehicle body member having a closed sectional structure and assure the intensity and rigidity as guaranteed on a design and designed on the basis of the application of such cured urethane foam, by locating the cured urethane foam-filling confirming opening of a particular dimension in a position around a filled site to which the cured urethane foam eventually reaches after the injection and by foaming of the two-pack urethane foam composition in the vehicle body member having a closed sectional structure. Moreover, the present invention can serve as an effective measure for practically utilizing an injecting method for injecting and filling a cured urethane foam, which can meet social needs for making the weight of a vehicle body light and achieving improvements in intensity and rigidity of a vehicle body.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 48, line 22, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In addition, once such a portion short of the required filling volume would be detected, the lack of the required filling volume can be compensated for by injecting an additional amount of the two-pack urethane foam composition through an injection port which in turn may be disposed separately around the non-filled site of the vehicle body member.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 49, line 1, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In accordance with the present invention, the non-contact temperature measurement may be carried out by any conventional device which can sense infrared rays emitting naturally from an object and make a multi-point display of the temperature on a surface of the object in a non-contact way or can provide a temperature distribution as thermal image data. Such a device is generally referred to as infrared thermal image device or infrared radiation thermometer.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 50, line 17, with the following rewritten paragraph:

It was further confirmed that no buzzer was sounded as a result of measurement by the same measurement device installed additionally with an alarm unit that can issue an alarm signal and sound a buzzer when the temperature difference between every two points (points A and D; points B and E; and points C and F) does not reach 10°C or smaller.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 50, line 24, with the following rewritten paragraph:

With the above configuration, the present invention can confirm whether the cured urethane foam is injected and filled over the entire predetermined length of the closed sectional portion of a vehicle body member having a closed sectional structure and assure the intensity and rigidity as guaranteed on a design and designed on the basis of the application of such cured urethane foam, by

measuring the panel temperature in a non-contact way within a predetermined period of time after the injection and foaming of the two-pack urethane foam composition in the vehicle body member. Moreover, the present invention can serve as an effective manner for practically utilizing a method for injecting and filling a cured urethane foam, which can meet social needs for making the weight of a vehicle body light and achieving improvements in intensity and rigidity of a vehicle body.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 51, line 14, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The examples of the invention relating to the injection process for injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition are characterized in that the two-pack urethane foam composition as an object is injected into a closed sectional structure of a vehicle body member (such as, e.g., a pillar section, a roof section, a side member section, a locker section, etc.) by use of a two-pack mixing high-pressure foaming machine for mixing with jetting out the two-pack composition in a counter flow under high pressure. The curing behavior injection changes the states of the two-pack urethane foam composition after mixing and discharging (injecting) as shown in Figure 10. More specifically, when the major component is mixed with the curing agent, the resulting mixture may become viscous enough to cause neither sagging nor leaking and expanding in about 3 seconds or shorter after discharging (in other words, the cream time is within 3 seconds). Moreover, by setting the rise time to 10-120 seconds, preferably 15-60 seconds, the cured urethane foam can be injected and filled in every corner so as to satisfy the filling volume of the urethane foam therein, and no cured urethane foam leaks from any gap of the closed sectional structure.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 52, line 15, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Next, the present invention will be described in more detail by way of specific examples with reference to a comparative example.

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Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 52, line 19, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Using the major component (composed of polyol compounds, amine compounds (3,3'-dimethyl-4,4'-diaminodicyclohexyl methane), a foaming agent (water) and a reaction catalyst (pentamethylene diethyl tetramine)) and crude MDI as a curing agent in the amounts as indicated in Table 2 below, the resulting mixture was injected into an injection frame 1d (supposed to form a locker portion), as shown in Figure 11, in accordance with the following procedures by use of the two-pack mixing high-pressure foaming machine VH-3000 installed with the mixing head NR-205 (Toho Kikai Kogyo K.K.). Table 2 below indicates the test results of performance test (packing performance and leakage or expanding), together with the cream time and rise time.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 53, line 5, with the following rewritten paragraph:

It is to be noted herein that the injection frame 1d comprises component panels (each having a thickness of 15 mm) having dimensions (in mm unit) as shown in Figure 11, i.e., a rear frame plate 2d, frame plates 3e, 3f, 3g and 3h, a side frame plate 4d (having an injection port 4B of a 20 mm diameter disposed at its upper location), and a bottom plate 5d, and that they are assembled together in the manner as indicated in Figure 11 by locating a gap 6d of a 2 mm distance toward the rear from the side frame plate 4d. Further, a partition plate 7b having the dimensions (in mm unit), as shown in Figure 12, is fixed such that its side surface is located 245 mm from the left-hand, inner side surface of the frame 1d in such a manner that the clearance from the frame plate 3g and the bottom plate 5d is set to be 2 mm.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 53, line 21, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The two-pack urethane foam composition component composed of the major component and the curing agent are supplied to a mixing head through hoses of a 3/8 inch size and a 1/4 inch size, respectively, from a foaming material supply cylinder unit having its hydraulic pressure set to 50 kg

per square meter while maintaining the temperature of each of the foaming materials at 40°C, in order to manage characteristics such as, for example, the viscosity of the foaming materials, the reaction rate, and so on within a predetermined range. In this case, the foaming material fed can be returned to a container through a similar piping. The foaming materials are discharged from the mixing head by pulling a cylinder via hydraulic pressure applied from a hydraulic pressure source at the time of discharging. At this time, a circulating pathway is configured so as to be blocked or to restrict a flow rate thereof. To suspend the discharge of the foaming material, the hydraulic pressure is controlled to return the cylinder with an electromagnetic valve by use of a timer or the like. (In this case, the hydraulic pressure is set to 150-200 kg per square meter. The amount of discharging the foaming materials may be adjusted to is 5,000 cc per minute. The nozzle size of an injecting nozzle of the mixing head is adjusted so as to set the pressure at the time of discharging the respective foaming materials to 75 to 150 kmf/cm². The amount of injecting the two-pack foaming materials is set so that the filling volume after foaming is present in an amount of 3,300 cc.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 56, line 22, with the following rewritten paragraph:

An embodiment of the invention relating to the injecting apparatus for injecting and filling the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body comprises a robot 10 acting as a manipulator movable to a desired location, an injector 50 mounted on the robot 10 for injecting a foaming material, a pump 56 acting as a supply member for supplying the foaming material, such as a two-pack urethane foam composition, to the injector 50, and a controller for controlling the position of the robot 10 so as to align the injector 50 with an injection port of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body and controlling the pump 56 so as to inject and fill the two-pack urethane foam composition in the amount that can be set so as to comply with the volume of the closed sectional structure thereof.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 58, line 11, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The injector 50 is fixed to the tip side, i.e., the terminal end side, of the hand section 38. The injector 50 is provided with a discharging and injecting nozzle 52 directed to the assembly line 12a. The discharging and injecting nozzle 52 may be provided with an openable valve (not shown). By controlling the timing of opening this valve, the timing of starting discharging the foaming material (hereinafter, a two-pack urethane foam composition being used in this embodiment) can be controlled in a more accurate way. Further, by controlling the timing of closing the valve after discharging the two-pack urethane foam composition, an extension of the two-pack urethane foam composition after discharging can be prevented effectively. This valve may comprise part of the supply system. The injector 50 is connected to a pair of pumps 56 (in the drawing, they are indicated as one pump) through a conduit 54, and the pair of the pumps 56 are in turn connected to tanks 58 and 60, respectively. The tank 58 is stored with the major component (e.g., a polyol compound), and the tank 60 is stored with the curing agent (e.g., a polyisocyanate curing compound). Each of the major compound and the curing agent for the two-pack urethane foam composition is supplied separately to the injector 50 under pressure through the pair of pumps 56, and the two-pack compositions are mixed therein upon impact, followed by discharging the foaming material from the discharging and injecting nozzle 50.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 60, line 3, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The robot 10 as shown in Figure 13 is particularly designed so as to adapt to discharge and inject the two-pack urethane foam composition in the inside of the closed sectional structure of the pillar A section 102, the pillar B section 104, the pillar B upper section 108, and the locker section 110, which are disposed on the right side when looked at Figure 13 (or on the side indicated in Figure 14). Another robot (although not shown) is disposed on the opposite side of the robot 10 as shown in Figure 13 in order to discharge and inject the two-pack urethane foam composition in the closed sectional structure of the pillar A section 102, the pillar B section 104, the pillar B upper section 108,

and the locker section 110, which are disposed on the left side when looked at Figure 13. When a robot is disposed as a manipulator in a manner as hanging from the ceiling, it can be transferred on both sides of the vehicle body so that the filling of the foaming material can be carried out with only one robot.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 60, line 21, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The pillar A section 102 is provided with an injection port 102b opening toward the cabin side in a side wall 102a on the cabin side thereof (as shown in Figure 15). At a lower portion of the inside of the pillar A section 102 is mounted a partition wall 102c which in turn defines a closed sectional structure 102d inside of the pillar A section 102 (in other words, a closed space structure 102d of the vehicle body). The closed sectional structure 102d serves as preventing the injected two-pack urethane foam composition from leaking and expanding into other locations. The injection port 102b is disposed so as to communicate with the closed sectional structure 102d of the vehicle body.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 61, line 6, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The pillar B section 104 is provided with an injection port 104b opening toward the cabin side in a side wall 104a on the cabin side thereof (as shown in Figure 16). At a lower portion of the inside of the pillar B section 104 is mounted a partition wall 104c which defines a closed sectional structure 104d inside of the pillar B section 104 (in other words, a closed space structure 104d of the vehicle body). The injection port 104b is disposed so as to communicate with the closed sectional structure 104d of the vehicle body.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 61, line 16, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The pillar B upper section 108 is provided with an injection port 108b opening toward the cabin side in a side wall 108a on the cabin side thereof (as shown in Figure 17). At side portions of the inside of the pillar B upper section 108 are mounted partition walls 108c which define a closed sectional structure 108d inside of the pillar B upper section 108 (in other words, a closed space structure 108d of the vehicle body). The injection port 108b is disposed so as to communicate with the closed sectional structure 108d of the vehicle body.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 61, line 26, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The locker section 110 is provided with an injection port 110b opening toward the cabin side in a side wall 110a on the cabin side thereof (as shown in Figure 18). At a side portion of the inside of the locker section 110 is mounted a partition wall 110c which in turn defines a closed sectional structure 110d inside of the locker section 110 (in other words, a closed space structure 110d of the vehicle body). The injection port 110b is disposed so as to communicate with the closed sectional structure 110d of the vehicle body.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 62, line 23, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The controller 40 is connected to a memory section 62. The memory section 62 is provided with a control program for controlling the robots. Moreover, it is provided with, for example, space coordinates of a first reference position in which the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 is engaged with the injection port 104b of the pillar B section 104, space coordinates of a second reference position in which the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 is engaged with the injection port 108b of the pillar B upper section 108, space coordinates of a third reference position in which the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 is engaged with the injection port 102a of the pillar A section 102, space

coordinates of a fourth reference position in which the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 is engaged with the injection port 110b of the locker section 110, and so on.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 63, line 10, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The controller 40 is configured such that, on the basis of instruction from the control program stored in the memory section 62, it reads the space coordinates of the first reference position from the memory section 62 and starts driving the robot 10 to transfer the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to the space coordinates of the first reference position and engage the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 with the injection port 104b of the pillar B section 104. After the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 has been aligned in the manner as described above, the pump 56 is driven to supply the two-pack urethane foam composition in the amount set so as to correspond to the volume of the closed sectional structure 104d of the pillar B section 104. Then, the controller 40 reads the space coordinates of the second reference position from the memory section 62 to drive the robot 10, thereby transferring the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to the space coordinates of the second reference position and engaging the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 with the injection port 108b of the pillar B upper section 108. Thereafter, the pump 56 is driven to inject and fill the two-pack urethane foam composition in the amount that is set so as to comply with the volume of the closed sectional structure 108d of the pillar B upper section 108. Thereafter, the controller 40 reads the space coordinates of the third reference position from the memory section 62 to drive the robot 10, thereby transferring the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to the space coordinates of the third reference position so as to engage with the injection port 102a of the pillar A section 102 and thereafter injecting and filling the two-pack urethane foam composition in the amount that can comply with the volume of the closed sectional structure 102d of the pillar A section 102. Then, the controller 40 reads the space coordinates of the fourth reference position from the memory section 62 to drive the robot 10, followed by transferring the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to the space coordinates of the fourth reference position and engaging the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 with the injection port 110b of the locker section 110 to inject and fill the two-pack urethane foam

composition in the amount corresponding to the volume of the closed sectional structure 110d of the locker section 110.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 65, line 6, with the following rewritten paragraph:

First, it is judged whether the detector 16 detects that the vehicle body 100 enters into the work 14a (at step 200). The detector 16 waits for another vehicle body 100 entering into the work 14a when the vehicle body 100 enters into the work 14a. As the detector 16 detects that the vehicle body 100 has entered into the work 14a, then the robot 10 is driven and the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 is transferred to the space coordinates of the first reference position and engaged with the injection 15 port 104b of the pillar B section 104 (at step 202). Thereafter, a pair of the pumps 56 for the major component and the curing agent are driven so as to permit the two-pack urethane foam composition to be injected and filled in the amount corresponding to the volume of the closed sectional structure 104d of the pillar B section 104 (at step 204). Then, the robot 10 is driven to transfer the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to the space coordinates of the second reference position, followed by engaging the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 with the injection port 108b of the pillar B upper section 108 (at step 206) and then driving the pair of the pumps 56 to inject and fill the two-pack urethane foam composition in the amount set so as to comply with the volume of the closed sectional structure 108d of the pillar B upper section 108 (at step 208). Further, the robot 10 is driven to transfer the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to the space coordinates of the third reference position and engage it with the injection port 102a of the pillar A section 102 (at step 210), followed by driving the pair of the pumps 56 to inject and fill the two-pack urethane foam composition in the amount set so as to comply with the volume of the closed sectional structure 102d of the pillar A section 102 (at step 212). Thereafter, the robot 10 is driven to transfer the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to the space coordinates of the fourth reference position and engage it with the injection port 110b of the locker section 110 (at step 214), followed by driving the pair of the pumps 56 to inject and fill the two-pack urethane foam composition in the amount set so as to comply with the volume of the closed sectional structure 110d of the locker section 110 (at step 216).

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 67, line 8, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In this embodiment, too, the system is arranged so as to inject and fill the two-pack urethane foam composition in the closed sectional structure of each of the pillar B section 104, the pillar B upper section 108, the pillar A section 102 and the locker section 110 of the vehicle body; however, the present invention is not limited to the such vehicle body, and the two-pack urethane foam composition can be injected and filled in the closed sectional structure of, e.g., a pillar C section, a connecting part of a pillar section and a roof section, a side sill, a chassis section at the bottom portion of the vehicle body, a front side member, a side impact bar, a cross member, a rear side member, a bumper reinforcement, and any other section. Figure 20 shows examples of a connecting part including a connecting part of e.g., a pillar A section 118, a front roof rail section 120, and a front side roof rail section 122. The pillar A section 118, the front roof rail section 120, and the front side roof rail section 122 are installed with partition walls 118c, 120p and 122c, respectively, to each define a closed sectional structure. An injection port 122a is formed in the front side roof rail section 122, and the two-pack urethane foam composition is injected and filled in the closed sectional structure through the injection port 122a. In this embodiment, the front side roof rail section 122 is provided with the injection port. It is to be noted, however, that an injection port may be formed in the pillar A section 118 or the front roof rail section 120.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 68, line 8, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Next, a description will be made of a second aspect, relating to the injecting apparatus for injecting and filling the two-pack urethane foam composition in the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body with reference to Figure 21. It is noted herein that the same structural elements as the above embodiment are provided with the same reference numerals and symbols, and a duplicate description on the details thereof will be omitted hereinafter.

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Please replace the paragraph beginning at pag 70, line 15, with the foll wing rewritten paragraph:

Now, a description will be made of the injecting method according to the present invention by taking the case of engaging the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 with the injection port 104b of the pillar B section 104 as an example. As shown in Figure 22, first, the controller 40 transfers the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to the first reference position in which the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 can be engaged with the injection port 104b of the pillar B section 104 (at step 300). At this time, the controller 40 takes image data of the injection port 104b of the pillar B section 104 from the CCD camera 70 (at step 302) and reads the first reference image data of the injection port of the pillar B section from the memory section 62 (at step 304). Moreover, the controller 40 checks whether the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 deviates from the injection port by comparing the first reference image data with the image obtained from the CCD camera 70 (at step 306). If it is found that there is a deviation, the hand section 38 of the robot 10 and so on are transferred in the direction in which the amount of deviation is decreased (at step 308). When it has been confirmed that the amount of deviation has been made zero (at step 310), then the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 is engaged with the injection port 104b (at step 311), and the pumps 56 are driven to start injecting and filling the two-pack urethane foam composition (at step 312). On the other hand, when it is found that there is no deviation between the first reference image data of the injection port of the pillar B section and the image obtained from the CCD camera at step 306, then the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 is engaged with the injection port 104b and the pumps 56 are then driven to start injecting and filling the two-pack urethane foam composition. Concerning the other injection ports, the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 is engaged with the corresponding injection port after the image of the injection port obtained by the CCD camera is compared with the corresponding reference image and the deviation, if some, is processed so as to become zero, in the same manner as described above. Then, the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 is engaged with the injection port and the two-pack urethane foam composition is injected and filled. It is preferred that the flowchart as shown in Figure 22 is incorporated as a sub-routine of the main flow chart of Figure 21.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 72, line 3, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In accordance with the second aspect as described above, the discharging and injecting nozzle can be engaged with the injection port of the closed sectional structure of a vehicle body in an accurate way even if the position of alignment of the vehicle body or the like would deviate.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 72, line 8, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Next, a description will be made of the invention relating to the injecting apparatus for the closed sectional structure of a vehicle body on the basis of Figure 23. In the drawing, the same structural elements as those of the above embodiments are provided with the same reference numerals and symbols, and a duplicate description on the details thereof will be omitted.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 72, line 15, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In this third aspect, as shown in Figure 23, the injecting apparatus according to the present invention further comprises a monitor device for monitoring a foamed state and a cured state of the two-pack urethane foam composition filled inside of the closed sectional structure. The two-pack urethane foam composition is allowed to foam and cure while it is causing a rapid exothermic reaction immediately after the major component and the curing agent have been mixed together. The monitor device is to monitor the temperature on the surface of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body with the foaming material injected and filled therein. The monitor device may comprise an infrared camera 80 for monitoring the foamed state of the two-pack urethane foam composition filled in the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body and a thermal image unit for converting a signal of the temperature from the infrared camera 80 into a thermal image data and display the resulting thermal image. The thermal image unit may comprise the controller 40 for converting the signal of temperature from the infrared camera 80 into thermal image data and a display unit 82 for displaying thermal image data from the controller 40. The infrared camera 80 of Figure 23 is fixed in any

optional position so as to monitor the pillar B section on the right side when viewing Figure 23. Another infrared camera for monitoring the closed sectional structure of another vehicle body is omitted.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 74, line 16, with the following rewritten paragraph:

When the monitor device has monitored the non-filled site with the two-pack urethane foam composition not filled and filled within the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body, the reference image of the injection port can be corrected in accordance with the position of the non-filled site. More specifically, even if the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 would be engaged with the injection port 110b of the locker section 110 in the state in which it is aligned with the central point A of the injection port 110b thereof, there may be caused to occur the occasion that the non-filled site 90 appears at an upper right corner in the vicinity of the partition wall 110c as shown in Figure 24. It may be considered that such a defect is caused to happen due to a deviation of the quality of the vehicle body or for other reasons. In this case; however, the occurrence of the non-filled site 90 can be prevented by shifting the position of the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to a shift point B to the side somewhat closer toward the non-filled site from the central point A of the injection port 110b in the range in which the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 can be engaged with the injection port 110b, and inserting the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 into the injection port at the shift point B. In this embodiment, in order to allow the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 to be inserted into the injection port 110b at the shift point B that has been somewhat shifted toward the non-injected site from the central point A of the injection port 110b, the corresponding reference image data saved in the memory section 62 is corrected by shifting the reference image of the locker section 110 containing the injection port to the right by the distance corresponding to the central point A and the shift point B, as indicated by dot-dash line in Figure 24. By correcting the reference image data in the manner as described above, the discharging and injecting nozzle 52 can be inserted into the shift point B of the injection port on the reference image, that is, the injection port that is shifted somewhat toward the non filled site from the central point A of an actual product. As the correction

is made by shifting the reference image of the injection port, it is not required to change the control flowchart itself so that costs for production can be reduced. In accordance with this aspect, too, the injection port is formed so as to become somewhat wider in diameter so that a rubber formed member for preventing a back flow of the foaming material can be inserted tightly, the formed member being provided with a crosscut portion that can be inserted into the injection port. With this configuration, even if the discharging and injecting nozzle would be shifted somewhat in an optional direction from the central point of the injection port, it can offset the deviation of the position of the nozzle and the occurrence of the leakage or expanding of the two-pack urethane foam composition can be prevented.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 76, line 18, with the following rewritten paragraph:

With the configuration as described above, the injecting apparatus according to the present invention can inject and fill the foaming material inside of the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body in association with the assembly line on which a large number of vehicle bodies are conveyed, because the injecting apparatus comprises the manipulator disposed so as to be transferred to a desired position, the injector mounted on the manipulator, the supply system for supplying the foaming material to the injector, and the controller adapted to control the position of the manipulator so that the injector can be aligned with the position in which the foaming material can be supplied to the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body through the injection port of the same closed sectional structure thereof, and also adapted to control the supply system so that the foaming material can be injected and filled in the closed sectional structure thereof by only such an amount that is set so as to comply with the volume of the inside of the closed sectional structure thereof.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 77, line 22, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Moreover, the injecting apparatus according to the present invention may further comprise the monitor for monitoring the foamed state in the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body

thereof so that a vehicle body with the non-filled site where no foaming material is injected and filled therein can be treated as a defective product when the monitor device has detected the non-filled site.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 78, line 10, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The foregoing description is directed to the aspects of the invention, but it is to be understood that the present invention is not limited to the foregoing description and that it can encompass optional variations without departing from the scope and spirit of this invention. In addition, the present invention can encompass any combination of two or more aspects selected from the aspects of the invention.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 78, line 19, with the following rewritten paragraph:

For instance, by combining the aspect relating to the injecting apparatus for the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body with at least either one of the aspect relating to the two-pack urethane foam composition and the aspect relating to the injection method for injecting the two-pack urethane foam composition, the efficiency of a mass production of a large number of vehicle bodies can be further improved because the combined invention can prevent the injected material from leaking and expanding from the injection port and the two-pack urethane foam composition can be injected and filled in vehicle bodies in a large quantity in sequence.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 79, line 3, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In addition, when the above aspects relating to the cured urethane foam-filled vehicle body are applied to a vehicle body as an object for use with the injecting apparatus for the closed sectional structure of the vehicle body, the operator can confirm the filling volume of the urethane foam directly with the eye, without using the monitor device.